

Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +1.8V ~ +5.5V
- Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 350KHz (Typ. @25°C)
- Low Input Bias Current: 20pA (Typ. @25°C)
- Low Offset Voltage: 10uV (Max. @25°C)
- Quiescent Current: 25µA per Amplifier (Typ.)
- Operating Temperature: -45°C ~ +125°C
- Zero Drift: 0.03µV/°C (Max.)

General Description

- Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter
- Small Package:

GS8331 Available in SOT23-5, SC-70 and SOP-8 Packages GS8332 Available in SOP-8, MSOP-8 and DFN-8 Packages

The GS833X amplifier is single/dual supply, micro-power, zero-drift CMOS operational amplifiers, the amplifiers offer bandwidth of 350 kHz, rail-to-rail inputs and outputs, and single-supply operation from 1.8V to 5.5V. GS833X uses chopper stabilized technique to provide very low offset voltage (less than 10µV maximum) and near zero drift over temperature. Low quiescent supply current of 25µA per amplifier and very low input bias current of 20pA make the devices an ideal choice for low offset, low power consumption and high impedance applications. The GS833X offers excellent CMRR without the crossover associated with traditional complementary input stages. This design results in superior performance for driving analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) without degradation of differential linearity.

The GS8331 is available in SOT23-5, SC-70 and SOP8 packages. And the GS8332 is available in SOP8, MSOP8 and DFN-8 packages. The extended temperature range of -45°C to +125°C over all supply voltages offers additional design flexibility.

Applications

- Transducer Application
- Temperature Measurements
- Electronics Scales

Handheld Test Equipment

Battery-Powered Instrumentation

Pin Configuration

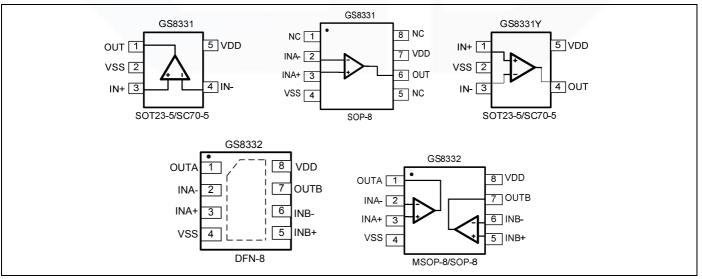


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition		Min	Max	
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)		-0.5V	+7.5V	
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)		Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V	
PDB Input Voltage		Vss-0.5V	+7V	
Operating Temperature Range		-45°C	+125°C	
Junction Temperature		+16	0°C	
Storage Temperature Range		-55°C	+150°C	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)		+260°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (T _A =+25°C)				
SOP-8, θ _{JA}		125°C/W		
MSOP-8, θ _{JA}		216°C/W		
SOT23-5, θ _{JA}		190°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
НВМ		64	Υ	
MM		400V		

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
	GS8331 Single	GS8331-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8331
C 6 9 2 2 4		GS8331Y-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8331Y
658331		GS8331-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8331
		GS8331-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8331
	GS8332 Dual	GS8332-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8332
GS8332		GS8332-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8332
		GS8332-FR	DFN-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8332







Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, TA = +25 $^{\circ}$ C, VCM = VS/2, RL = 10K Ω , unless otherwise noted.)

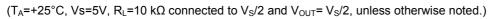
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Input Offset Voltage (V _{OS})			2	10	μV
Input Bias Current (I _B)			20		pА
Input Offset Current (I _{OS})			10		pА
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_{CM} = 0V$ to 5V		110		dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain (Avo)	R_L = 10k Ω , V_O = 0.3V to 4.7V		145		dB
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$)			50		nV/℃
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
	R_L = 100k Ω to - V _S		4.998		V
Output Voltage High (V _{OH})	R_L = 10k Ω to - V _S		4.994		V
	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ to + V _S		5		mV
Output Voltage Low (V _{OL})	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to + V_S		20		mV
Short Circuit Limit (I _{SC})	R_L =10 Ω to - V _S		20		mA
Output Current (I _O)			30		mA
POWER SUPPLY					
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	V _S = 2.5V to 5.5V		115		dB
Quiescent Current (I _Q)	$V_0 = 0V, R_L = 0\Omega$		25		μA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE					
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	G = +100		350		KHz
Slew Rate (SR)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$		0.2		V/µs
NOISE PERFORMANCE					·
Voltage Noise (e _n p-p)	0Hz to 10Hz		1.1		μV _{P-P}
Voltage Noise Density (en)	f = 1kHz		70		nV/\sqrt{Hz}

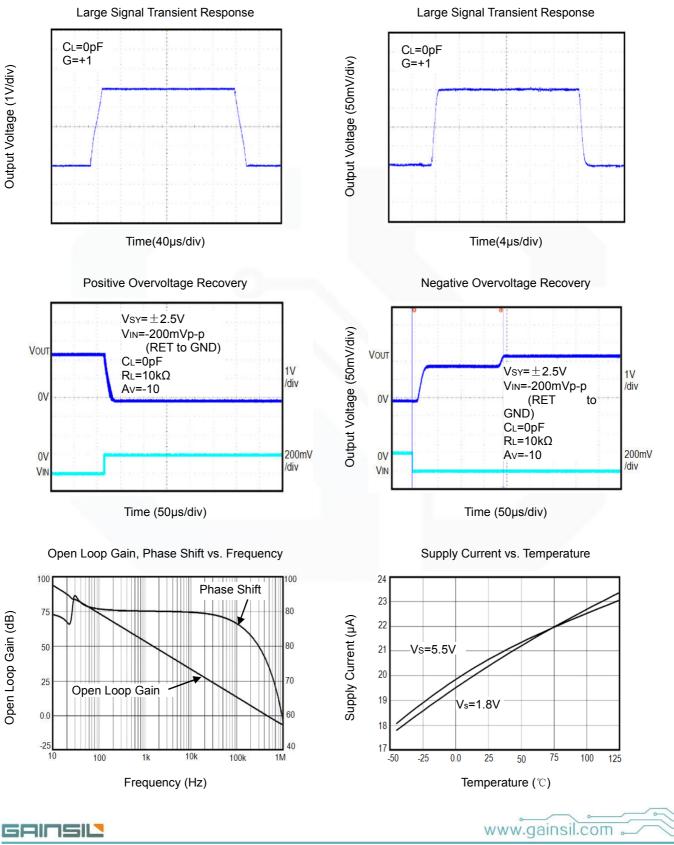


V1



Typical Performance characteristics

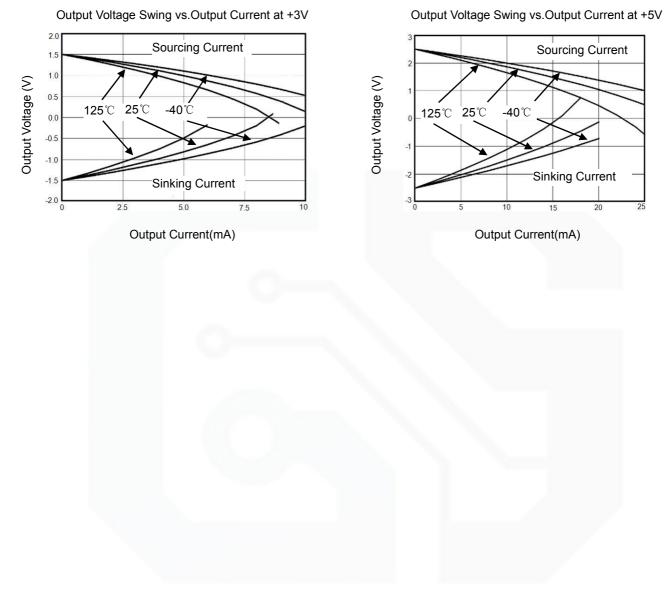






Typical Performance characteristics

(T_A=+25°C, Vs=5V, R_L=10 k Ω connected to V_S/2 and V_{OUT}= V_S/2, unless otherwise noted.)







Application Note

Size

GS833X series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS833X series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS833X series operates from a single 1.8V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 0.9V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For best performance, a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 25uA per channel) of GS833X series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

Operating Voltage

GS833X series operate under wide input supply voltage (1.8V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -45 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS833X series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS833X series can typically swing to less than 5mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 100mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS833x family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

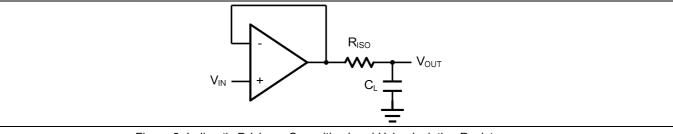


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L. C_F







and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_{F} . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

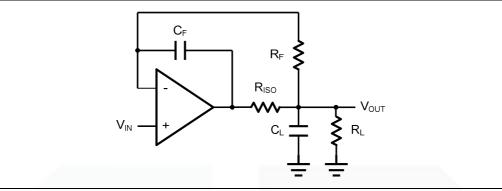


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy







Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS833X.

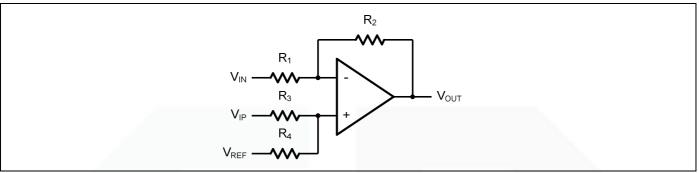


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1=R_3$ and $R_2=R_4$), then

$$V_{\rm OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\rm IP} - V_{\rm IN}) + V_{\rm REF}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_c=1/(2\pi R_3 C_1)$.

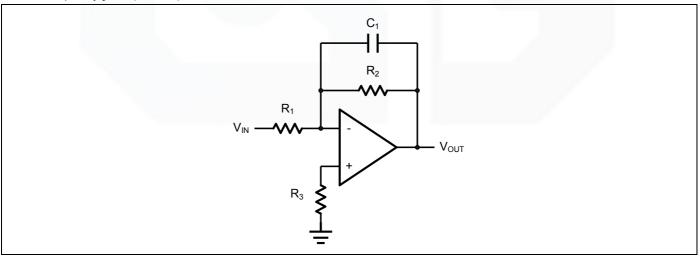


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

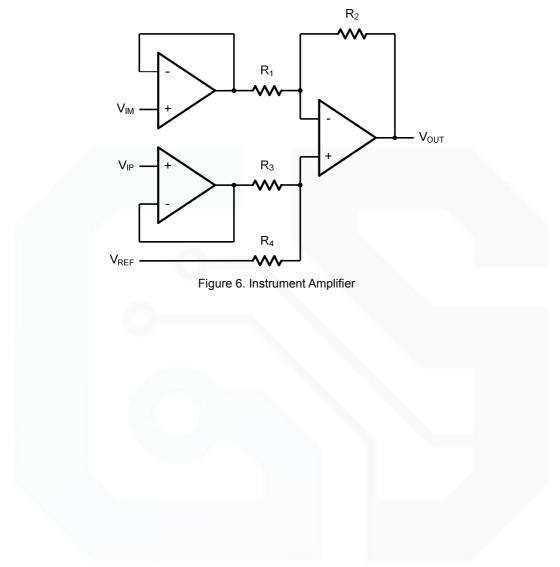






Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS833X can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.



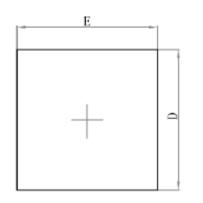




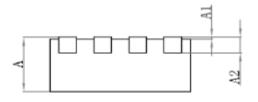


Package Information

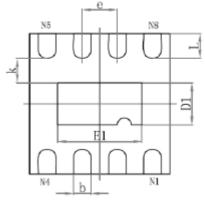
DFN-8







Side View



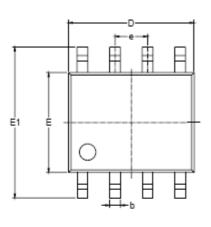
Bottom View

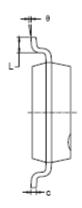
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	0.80	0.85	0.9	0.031	0.033	0.035
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.000	0.001	0.002
A2	0.153	0.203	0.253	0.006	0.008	0.010
b	0.18	0.24	0.30	0.007	0.009	0.012
D	1.9	2.0	2.1	0.075	0.079	0.083
E	1.9	2.0	2.1	0.075	0.079	0.083
D1	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.020	0.024	0.028
E1	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.043	0.047	0.051
е		0.50			0.20	
k	0.2			0.008		
L	0.25	0.35	0.45	0.010	0.014	0.018

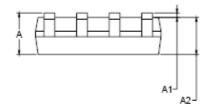








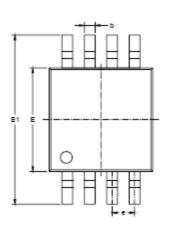


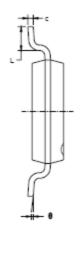


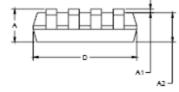
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
с	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
6	0°	8°	0°	8°









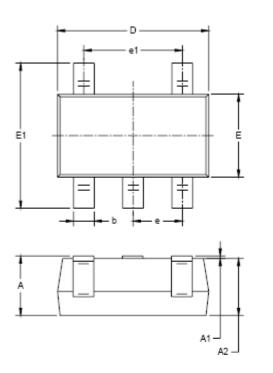


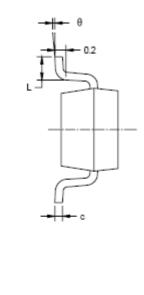
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.008
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015
с	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
e	0.650 BSC		0.026	BSC
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°











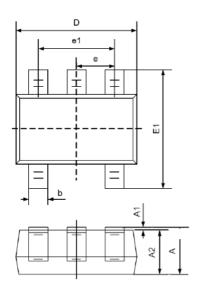
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
с	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.950 BSC		0.037 BSC	
e1	1.900 BSC		0.075	BSC
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

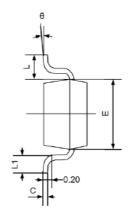






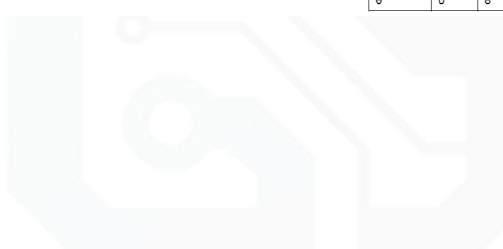
SC70-5





	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
Symbol				
	Min	Min Max		Мах
А	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096
e	0.650T	ΥP	0.026T	ΥP
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055
L	0.525REF		0.021R	EF
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

GS8331/8332





GAINSIL